About Cavity-Nesting Native Bees

What is a Cavity-Nesting Bee?



Of the roughly 430 native bees that have been identified in New York State, there are a group of bees that are known as cavity-nesting bees. These species nest in cavities that can be found in old logs or dried plant stems that have holes in them.







Cavity-nesting bees come in many different shapes and sizes, so the size of the hole will determine what type of bee will take up residency in their pollinator hotel.

Are Cavity-Nesting Bees Agressive?





Cavity-nesting bees are not aggressive. Unlike bees that live in colonies, like the European honey bee and our own native bumble bee, most are solitary. They do not produce honey or have a large colony to protect. However, if a cavity-nesting bee is provoked, it does possess the ability to sting.

Providing Habitat for Cavity-Nesting Bees





You can help native bees by filling your garden with native plants and by creating pollinator hotels.

An important step in helping these essential insects is providing food and habitat space.

Below Is a List of Six Common
Cavity-Nesting Bees That Can Befound
at the O'Hara Nature Center



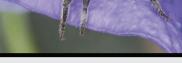


Small Carpenter Bees

Masked Bees

LICE





Mason Bees

Bellflower Resin Bees







Leafcutter Bees

What's Happening Inside My Pollinator Hotel?



Example of repurposed birdhouse as a Pollinator Hotel Dimensions: W= 5", H= 9", INT= 5 by 5"



Example of a cavity-nesting bee's nest entrance sealed with soil

Example of a cavity-nesting bee searching for the appropriate sized hole



Example of pollen stored as food for the larvae as they develope



Example of newly laid Mason Bee egg in stem cavity



Leafcutter Bee carrying a piece of a leaf to use for nesting material



Mason Bee emerging from its nest 24-days later



Even though cavity-nesting bees lay their brood in solitary cavitites, they can take up residency next to other cavity-nesting bees

Identification of Common Cavity-Nesting Bees

<u>Drill</u> <u>Bit Size</u>	Hole Diameter in mm		Cavity-Nesting Native Bees Expected	*Actual Size	Bee Identification
	1/8"	3	Small Carpenter Bee		
	11/64"	4.5	(Genus: Ceratina)		
	13/64"	5	Masked Bee		
	9/32"	7	(Genus: Hylaeus)	7), 🗸	
	7/32"	5.6	Mason Bee		
	3/8"	9.5	(Osmia sp.)		
	19/64"	7.5	Bellflower Resin Bee		(little) of
	25/64"	10	(Megachile campanulae)	7), 6	
	23/64"	9			
	7/16"	11	Blue Orchard Bee (Osmia lignaria)	37.6	
	13/64"	5		1	
	15/16"	24	Leafcutter Bee (Megachile sp.)		

Identification of Common Cavity-Nesting Bees

<u>Photo</u>	<u>Size</u>	Preferred Materials	Additional Information	
Small Carpenter Bees	3 - 4.5 mm long	Pre-drilled wood blocks, small hollow twigs, and stems	Small carpenter bees are important pollinators of plants. Due to their size, they can enter small-mouthed flowers unreachable by larger bees.	
Siliali Carpenter Dees	3 - 4.3 min long			
Masked Bees	5 - 7 mm long	Reed grasses, pre-drilled wood blocks and hollow twigs, and hollow stems from sunflower (Helianthus), Joe Pye weed (Eutrochium purpureum), and goldenrod (Solidago)	The Masked Bees' bodies are almost entirely black except for pale patches on their heads and legs. These bees are sparsely covered in hairs, giving them a wasp-like appearance.	
Waskeu Dees	3 - 7 min long	, , ,		
	mer - Jy	Pre-drilled wood blocks, hollow twigs, and hollow stems from sunflower (Heli- anthus), Joe Pye weed (Eutrochium purpureum), and goldenrod (Solidago)	When building their nests, Mason Bees use clay to make partitions and to seal the entrance. This unique mud-building behavior leads to their common designation	
Mason Bees	5.6 - 9.5 mm long		as "masons".	
Ciuc Por	mer - Try	Pre-drilled wood blocks, small to large hollow twigs and stems	The Bellflower Resin Bees collect sticky plant and tree resins, which they use to seal the egg chambers of their nests. These native bees construct nests in hollow plant stems or in tunnels left in wood.	
Bellflower Resin Bees	7.5 - 10 mm long		stems of in turiners left in wood.	
Blue Orchard Bees	8.5 - 13 mm long	Pre-drilled wood blocks, small to large hollow twigs and stems	Blue Orchard Bee season is early spring. Once they emerge, they promptly mate, search for empty holes that are the right size and go to work stocking their nests. A favorite food for their brood is fruit tree pollen.	
blue Orchard Bees	o.o - 13 min long		and a second from the policit.	
		Pre-drilled wood blocks, small to large hollow twigs and stems	Leafcutter Bees get their name from the female's behavior of cutting out round pieces of leaves, which they use to line their nests. They nest in preexisting holes in wood	
Leafcutter Bees	5 - 24 mm long		created by other animals.	

Identification of Common Cavity-Nesting Bees

<u>Bee</u> Identification	Hole Diameter in mm		<u>*Actual</u> <u>Size</u>	<u>Wood</u> <u>Nesting</u> <u>Example</u>	Hollow Stem Nesting Example	Plant Stem Materials
Small Carpenter Bees	1/8"	3	**************************************			Goldenrod Sunflowers Reed grass
	11/64"	4.5	The	2		Joe Pye Weed Milk Weed
Masked Bees	13/64"	5	777			Goldenrod Sunflowers Reed grass
	9/32"	7	The same of the sa	1		Joe Pye Weed Milk Weed
Mason Bees	7/32"	5.6	Trick			Goldenrod Sunflowers Reed grass
	3/8"	9.5	The state of the s			Joe Pye Weed Milk Weed
	19/64"	7.5	The same of the sa			Joe Pye Weed Japanese
Bellflower Resin Bees	25/64"	10	Trick			Knotweed Bamboo Shoots
	21/64"	8.5				Joe Pye Weed Japanese
Blue Orchard Bees	33/64"	13				Knotweed Bamboo Shoots
	13/64"	5	The state of the s	7		Joe Pye Weed Japanese
Leafcutter Bees	15/16"	24				Knotweed Bamboo Shoots
						Page